BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2024

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Members of the Board of Education Grayson County School District Leitchfield, Kentucky

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Frankfort, Kentucky

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grayson County School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance, and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements, Continued

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:
Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and asses the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-7, the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 56-57, and the pension and other postemployment benefits schedules on pages 58-68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying nonmajor governmental funds combining financial statements, the school activity fund schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the nonmajor governmental funds combining financial statements, the school activity fund schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Owensboro, Kentucky November 7, 2024

Riney Hancock CPAs PSC

#### GRAYSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

As management of the Grayson County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The beginning General Fund cash, cash equivalents, and investments balance was \$4.98 million. The ending balance was \$13.7 million. The difference is primarily due to an \$8M receivable due at June 30, 2023 from the Special Revenue Fund for prepayments of federal grant expenditures. The receivable from the Special Revenue Fund at June 30, 2024 was approximately \$779,000.
- The general fund had \$40.1 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utilities and motor vehicle taxes. There were \$37.8 million in general fund expenditures.

#### **Overview of financial statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide financial statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's financial activities, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The statement of net position presents information about all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities. The difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources plus liabilities is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Capital assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report.

#### Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the Enterprise ERP (formerly, MUNIS) administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The proprietary funds are food service operations (Fund 51), daycare

operations (Fund 52) and culinary operations (Fund 53). All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 16 of this report.

#### Notes to financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 55 of this report.

#### **Government-wide financial statements**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, net position was \$31.8 million as of June 30, 2024.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles and furniture and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

_	(Table 1) Net Position										
	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Tot	al					
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>					
Current and other											
assets	\$31,117,790	\$32,152,120	\$1,528,834	\$1,647,749	\$32,646,624	\$33,799,869					
Capital assets	58,729,184	53,656,927	629,638	640,842	59,358,822	54,297,769					
Total assets	<u>89,846,974</u>	<u>85,809,047</u>	<u>2,158,472</u>	<u>2,288,591</u>	<u>92,005,446</u>	<u>88,097,638</u>					
Deferred outflows	7,523,894	8,734,745	580,842	572,585	8,104,736	9,307,330					
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	41,908,948 <u>12,880,752</u>	51,006,144 <u>14,230,796</u>	2,185,016 	2,990,921 <u>13,083</u>	44,093,964 <u>12,889,787</u>	53,997,065 14,243,879					
Total liabilities	<u>54,789,700</u>	<u>65,236,940</u>	<u>2,194,051</u>	<u>3,004,004</u>	<u>56,983,751</u>	<u>68,240,944</u>					
Deferred inflows	10,804,156	5,866,646	978,603	304,450		6,171,096					
Net position Net investment in											
capital assets Restricted	34,166,828 5,942,960	27,543,547 6,383,577	629,638 16,710	640,842	34,796,466 5,942,960	28,184,389 6,383,577					
Unrestricted	(8,332,776)	(10,486,918)	(1,079,688)	(1,088,120)	(9,412,464)	(11,575,038)					
Total net position	\$ <u>31,777,012</u>	\$ <u>23,440,206</u>	\$ <u>(433,340)</u>	\$ <u>(447,278)</u>	\$ <u>31,343,672</u>	\$ <u>22,992,928</u>					

The following table presents a summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

			Changes in N	et Position		
	<u>Governmer</u> 2024	<u>ital Activities</u> 2023	<u>Business-</u> 2024	<u>Type Activities</u> 2023	<u>Tot</u> 2024	<u>al</u> <u>2023</u>
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$451,023	\$432,669	\$151,791	\$175,546	\$602,814	\$608,215
Operating grants and contributions	8,090,367	10,158,855	3,638,904	3,831,561	11,729,271	13,990,416
Capital grants and contributions	4,272,251	7,545,604	-	-	4,272,251	7,545,604
General revenues: Taxes	12,985,000	11,065,587	-	-	12,985,000	11,065,587
State aid formula grants	17,935,109	18,155,812	-	-	17,935,109	18,155,812
Investment earnings	744,623	384,946	779	739	745,402	385,685
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous	- 162,586	10,520 213,976	-	(14)	- 162,586	10,506 213,976
State on behalf payments	10,588,485	12,613,706	300,557	282,325	10,889,042	12,896,031
Transfers: Total revenues and	156,981	<del>_</del>	<u>(156,981)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
transfers	<u>55,386,425</u>	<u>60,581,675</u>	<u>3,935,050</u>	4,290,157	<u>59,321,475</u>	<u>64,871,832</u>
Program expenses:						
Instruction Support services:	29,289,103	31,962,687	-	-	29,289,103	31,962,687
Student Instructional staff	2,149,779 2,085,264	2,523,201 2,601,211	-	-	2,149,779 2,085,264	2,523,201 2,601,211
District administration School	1,234,572	1,211,005	-	-	1,234,572	1,211,005
administration Business	2,505,284 777,948	2,703,882 895,686	-	-	2,505,284 777,948	2,703,882 895,686
Facility operations/		4 400 000				4 400 000
maintenance Student	4,533,546	4,460,220	-	-	4,533,546	4,460,220
transportation	3,139,443	3,546,376	-	-	3,139,443	3,546,376
Food service	-	-	-	-	-	-
Daycare	-	11,659	-	-	-	11,659
Community service activities	366,912	476,753			366,912	476,753
Other	22,366	-	-	-	22,366	-
Interest on long-term debt Business-type activities:	945,402	816,668	-	-	945,402	816,668
Food service	-	-	3,843,974	3,814,052	3,843,974	3,814,052
Daycare	-	-	77,138	99,174	77,138	99,174
Culinary Total expenses and	<u> </u>	<b>_</b>	<u>-</u>	2,041	<u> </u>	2,041
transfers	<u>47,049,619</u>	<u>51,209,348</u>	3,921,112	3,915,267	<u>50,970,731</u>	<u>55,124,615</u>
position	\$ <u>8,336,806</u>	\$ <u>9,372,327</u>	\$ <u>13,938</u>	\$ <u>374,890</u>	\$ <u>8,350,744</u>	\$ <u>9,747,217</u>

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. It identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

_	Governmental Activities									
	Total Co Servio		Net Co Servi							
-	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>						
Instruction	\$29,289,103	\$31,962,687	\$22,841,077	\$23,944,304						
Support services	16,425,836	17,953,240	14,720,048	15,791,484						
Non-instructional	366,912	476,753	(20,664)	65,368						
Facilities acquisition/construction	22,366	-	(4,249,885)	(7,545,604)						
Interest on long-term debt	945,402	816,668	<u>945,402</u>	<u>816,668</u>						
Total expenses	\$ <u>47,049,619</u>	\$ <u>51,209,348</u>	<u>\$34,235,978</u>	<u>\$33,072,220</u>						

Instruction comprised 62.3%, support services comprised 34.9% and expense for facilities acquisition and construction, interest and other items accounted for 2.8% of government expenses for the fiscal year 2024.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activities include the food service, child care operations and a culinary program. These programs had total revenues of \$3.94 million and expenses of \$3.92 for the fiscal year 2024. Of the revenues, \$151,791 was charges for services, \$3.64 million was from State and Federal operating grants, \$779 was from investment earnings and \$300,557 in on-behalf payments. Business-type activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity. If it becomes necessary, the School District will make adjustments to the operations of this activity.

#### **The School District's Funds**

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 10. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$55.5 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$55.3 million.

#### General Fund-Budget Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process.

General Fund revenues were budgeted at \$28.1 million with actual revenues of \$40.1 million. Budgeted expenditures were \$37.8 million with actual expenditures of \$37.8 million. The most significant fluctuations for both revenues and expenses were primarily due to on-behalf payments of \$10.9 million, which are not budgeted items.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2024, the School District had \$59.4 million invested in land, buildings and improvements, technology, vehicles and equipment. Of the total \$59.4 million invested, \$58.7 million is invested in governmental activities.

	Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)											
	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	/pe Activities	Tot	al						
	<u>2024</u>	2023	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>						
Land	\$1,856,739	\$1,856,739	\$-	\$ -	\$1,856,739	\$1,856,739						
Land improvements	345,642	298,353	-	-	345,642	298,353						
Buildings and improvements Technology	33,495,436	33,366,225	-	-	33,495,436	33,366,225						
equipment	532,118	801,473	6,520	11,096	538,638	812,569						
Vehicles General equipment	2,218,546 3,472,177	2,047,187 3,568,303	- 623,118	- 629,746	2,218,546 4,095,295	2,047,187 4,198,049						
Construction in progress	<u>16,808,526</u>				16,808,526	11,718,647						
Total	\$ <u>58,729,184</u>	\$ <u>53,656,927</u>	\$ <u>629,638</u>	\$ <u>640,842</u>	\$ <u>59,358,822</u>	\$ <u>54,297,769</u>						

#### Debt

At June 30, 2024, the School District had \$24.9 million in bonds outstanding. A total of \$1.65 million is due within one year.

#### **Future Budgetary Implications**

In Kentucky, the public school fiscal year is July 1 through June 30; other programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for the 2024-2025 school year with a 5.6% contingency. Significant Board action included in the budget are spending for wage increases for personnel, facility repairs and maintenance, transportation purchases and technology purchases.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the financial position of the Grayson County Board of Education and to reflect management's accountability for the various funds. If you have questions about this report or the information provided within, contact the Finance Officer of the Grayson County Board of Education, PO Box 4009, Leitchfield, Kentucky 42755.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# June 30, 2024

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 10,846,167 \$ 1,376,428	\$ 12,222,595
Investments 16,849,413 -	16,849,413
Accounts receivable:	
Taxes 582,638 -	582,638
Other 214,777 2,403	217,180
Due from other governments779,40197,563	876,964
Inventory - 35,730	35,730
Prepaids and other current assets 123,034 -	123,034
Net other postemployment benefits asset 302,478 16,710	319,188
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 1,419,882 -	1,419,882
Capital assets, net 58,729,184 629,638	59,358,822
<b>Total assets</b> 89,846,974 2,158,472	92,005,446
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charges on refunding 296,814 -	296,814
Pension deferred outflows 2,425,191 421,935	2,847,126
Other postemployment benefits deferred outflows 4,801,889 158,907	4,960,796
	4,900,790
Total deferred outflows of resources7,523,894580,842	8,104,736
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable 637,650 2,213	639,863
Accrued salaries and benefits 141,291 -	141,291
Accrued interest payable 194,651 -	194,651
Unearned revenue 10,128,534 6,822	10,135,356
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year 1,778,626 -	1,778,626
Due in more than one year 23,520,510 -	23,520,510
Other liabilities due in more than one year:	,
Net pension liability         12,649,438         2,185,016	14,834,454
Net other postemployment benefits liabilities 5,739,000 -	5,739,000
Total liabilities         54,789,700         2,194,051	56,983,751
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension deferred inflows 1,359,529 248,781	1,608,310
Other postemployment benefits deferred inflows 9,444,627 729,822	10,174,449
Total deferred inflows of resources         10,804,156         978,603	11,782,759
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets34,166,828629,638Restricted for:	34,796,466
Capital projects 4,752,444 -	4,752,444
Other 888,038 -	888,038
Other postemployment benefits 302,478 16,710	319,188
Unrestricted (8,332,776) (1,079,688)	(9,412,464)
Total net position         \$ 31,777,012         \$ (433,340)	\$ 31,343,672

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

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			Program Revenue		N	let (Expense) Revenue ar Change in Net Position	nd
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities: Instruction	\$ 29,289,103	\$ -	\$ 6,448,026	\$ -	\$ (22,841,077)		\$ (22,841,077)
Support services:							
Student	2,149,779	441,805	674,868	-	(1,033,106)		(1,033,106)
Instructional staff	2,085,264	-	377,800	-	(1,707,464)		(1,707,464)
District administration	1,234,572	-	224	-	(1,234,348)		(1,234,348)
School administration	2,505,284	-	81,992	-	(2,423,292)		(2,423,292)
Business	777,948	-	- 119,592	-	(777,948)		(777,948)
Plant operation and maintenance Student transportation	4,533,546 3,139,443	9,218	289	-	(4,413,954) (3,129,936)		(4,413,954) (3,129,936)
Community services	366,912	9,218	387,576	-	(3,129,930) 20,664		20,664
Building renovations / additions	22,366	-		4,272,251	4,249,885		4,249,885
Interest on long-term liabilities	945,402	_	-	-,272,231	(945,402)		(945,402)
interest on rong term nuonnaes	910,102				()13,102)		(910,102)
Total governmental activities	47,049,619	451,023	8,090,367	4,272,251	(34,235,978)	-	(34,235,978)
Business-type activities:							
Food service	3,843,974	80,148	3,638,904	-	-	\$ (124,922)	(124,922)
Daycare	77,138	71,113	-	-	-	(6,025)	(6,025)
Culinary		530			-	530	530
Total business-type activities	3,921,112	151,791	3,638,904			(130,417)	(130,417)
Total district	\$ 50,970,731	\$ 602,814	\$ 11,729,271	\$ 4,272,251	(34,235,978)	(130,417)	(34,366,395)
	General revenues: Property taxes Utility taxes State aid formula g On-behalf paymen Investment earning Miscellancous	its			10,878,816 2,106,184 17,935,109 10,588,485 744,623 162,586	- - - 300,557 779 -	10,878,816 2,106,184 17,935,109 10,889,042 745,402 162,586
	Transfers				156,981	(156,981)	-
	Total general revenue	es and transfers			42,572,784	144,355	42,717,139
	Change in net positio	on			8,336,806	13,938	8,350,744
	Net position, June 30	), 2023			23,440,206	(447,278)	22,992,928
	Net position, June 30	), 2024			\$ 31,777,012	\$ (433,340)	\$ 31,343,672

#### BALANCE SHEET

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### June 30, 2024

\_\_\_\_

		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund	(	Construction Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	٩	0.000 700	¢		¢	120.001	¢	0.104.077	¢	10.046.167
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,602,709	\$	-	\$	139,081	\$	2,104,377	\$	10,846,167
Investments		5,102,509		-		11,746,904		-		16,849,413
Accounts receivable:		592 (29								592 (29
Taxes Other		582,638 187,332		-		23,359		- 4,086		582,638 214,777
Due from other governments		187,332		- 779.401		25,559		4,080		214,777 779,401
Due from other funds		227,756		//9,401		-		-		227,756
Prepaid expenses		123,034				_		_		123,034
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		_		-		1,419,882		1,419,882
restricted cash and cash equivalents	-		-		ē			1,119,002	-	1,119,002
Total assets	\$ _	14,825,978	\$_	779,401	\$	11,909,344	\$	3,528,345	\$_	31,043,068
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
	\$	215,762	\$	3,599	\$	418,289	\$		\$	637,650
Accounts payable Due to other funds	Ф	213,702	Ф	5,399 227,756	Ф	410,209	Ф	-	Ф	227,756
Accrued salaries and benefits		141,291		-		-		-		141,291
Unearned revenue		-		128,534		10,000,000		_		10,128,534
	-		-	120,551	-	10,000,000	_		-	10,120,001
Total liabilities	-	357,053	_	359,889	-	10,418,289	_	-	_	11,135,231
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue - delinquent property										
taxes	_	216,894	_	-			_	-	_	216,894
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		123,034		-		-		-		123,034
Restricted		222,983		419,512		1,491,055		3,506,932		5,640,482
Committed		-		-				-		-
Assigned		181,114		-		-		21,413		202,527
Unassigned	-	13,724,900	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	13,724,900
Total fund balances	-	14,252,031	_	419,512	-	1,491,055		3,528,345	_	19,690,943
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources										
and fund balances	\$ _	14,825,978	\$ _	779,401	\$	11,909,344	\$	3,528,345	\$ _	31,043,068

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# June 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$	19,690,943
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	of			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financ	ial			
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the				
governmental funds.				58,729,184
Certain assets are not available to pay for current				
period expenditures:				
Taxes receivable	\$	216,894	-	216,894
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current				
period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in				
governmental funds:				
Bonds payable	\$	(24,690,000)		
Issuance premiums	Ψ	(292,977)		
Issuance discounts		123,807		
Deferred charges on refunding		296,814		
Compensated absences		(439,966)		
Net pension liability - CERS		(12,649,438)		
Net OPEB liability - TRS		(5,739,000)		
Net OPEB asset		302,478		
Accrued interest payable		(194,651)		(43,282,933)
rioriaea merest pagaere		(1) 1,001)	-	(10,202,900)
Certain amounts related to the net pension liability and OPE	В			
asset are not reported in the governmental funds, but are				
deferred in the statement of net position:				
Pension and OPEB deferred outflows	\$	7,227,080		
Pension and OPEB deferred inflows	Ψ	(10,804,156)		(3,577,076)
	_	(10,00 1,100)		(5,577,575)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	31,777,012
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			Ĩ =	,,

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

		General Fund	 Special Revenue Fund		Construction Fund	(	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	9,017,891	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,912,660	\$	10,930,551
Utility taxes		2,106,184	-		-		-		2,106,184
Earnings on investments		184,910	188		522,504		37,021		744,623
Other local revenue		304,094	10,175		-		300,297		614,566
State aid		28,196,660	1,974,048		-		1,699,074		31,869,782
Federal aid	_	297,597	8,628,582	-		-	89,294	_	9,015,473
Total revenues	_	40,107,336	10,612,993	-	522,504	_	4,038,346		55,281,179
Expenditures:									
Instruction		23,099,297	6,420,482		-		297,407		29,817,186
Support services:									
Student		1,834,255	367,271		-		-		2,201,526
Instructional staff		1,734,969	377,800		-		-		2,112,769
District administration		1,203,361	224		-		-		1,203,585
School administration		1,853,807	81,992		-		-		1,935,799
Business		806,222	-		-		-		806,222
Plant operation and maintenance		3,661,703	119,592		-		-		3,781,295
Student transportation		3,600,784	289		-		-		3,601,073
Community services		19,871	387,576		-		-		407,447
Architectural / engineering		-	-		4,167,614		-		4,167,614
Building renovations / additions		-	-		2,806,896		-		2,806,896
Debt service:									
Principal		-	-				1,585,000		1,585,000
Interest	_	-	-	-	-	_	857,884	_	857,884
Total expenditures	_	37,814,269	7,755,226	_	6,974,510	_	2,740,291		55,284,296
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		2,293,067	2,857,767	-	(6,452,006)	_	1,298,055		(3,117)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		12,670	-		-		-		12,670
Operating transfers in		156,981	72,529		4,331,169		2,308,625		6,869,304
Operating transfers out		(1,541,663)	(2,862,035)	-	-	_	(2,308,625)		(6,712,323)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(1,372,012)	(2,789,506)	-	4,331,169	_		_	169,651
Net change in fund balances		921,055	68,261		(2,120,837)		1,298,055		166,534
Fund balance, June 30, 2023	_	13,330,976	351,251	-	3,611,892	_	2,230,290	_	19,524,409
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$ _	14,252,031	\$ 419,512	\$	1,491,055	\$ =	3,528,345	\$	19,690,943

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 166,534
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expens Capital outlays Depreciation expense	e: \$	8,046,429 (2,696,712)	5,349,717
Governmental funds report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received. However, the statement of activities			
reports the gain or loss.			(277,460)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds:			
Increase in taxes receivable			(51,735)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of certain items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Principal payments on bonds Amortization of premiums on bonds Amortization of discounts on bonds	\$	1,585,000 43,788 (17,763) (60,001)	1 551 024
Amortization of deferred charges on refunding		(60,001)	1,551,024
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Increase in compensated absences liability	\$	(25,589)	
Decrease in pension expense - CERS		358,303	
Decrease in OPEB expense - CERS		588,343	
Decrease in OPEB expense - TRS		731,211	
Increase in accrued interest payable		(53,542)	 1,598,726
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 8,336,806

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### June 30, 2024

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-		Enterpr	ise F	Funds		
_	Food Service Fund	 Daycare Fund		Culinary Fund		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash	\$ 1,347,761	\$ 27,427	\$	1,240	\$	1,376,428
Accounts receivable:						
Operating	-	2,403		-		2,403
Due from other governments	97,563	-		-		97,563
Inventory	35,730				-	35,730
Total current assets	1,481,054	29,830		1,240	-	1,512,124
Noncurrent assets:						
Net other postemployment benefits asset	13,283	3,427		-		16,710
Capital assets	1,705,860	-		-		1,705,860
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,076,222)	-		-		(1,076,222)
Total noncurrent assets	642,921	3,427			-	646,348
i otar noncurrent assets	042,921	3,427			-	040,548
Total assets	2,123,975	33,257		1,240	-	2,158,472
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferred outflows	400,932	21,003		-		421,935
Other postemployment benefits deferred outflows	156,393	2,514			-	158,907
Total deferred outflows of resources	557,325	23,517			-	580,842
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	1,415	798		-		2,213
Unearned revenue	6,822				_	6,822
Total current liabilities	8,237	798		-		9,035
NT						
Non-current liabilities: Net pension liability	2 102 665	<u> 91 251</u>				2 185 016
Net pension hability	2,103,665	81,351			-	2,185,016
Total liabilities	2,111,902	82,149			-	2,194,051
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferred inflows	248,616	165		_		248,781
Other postemployment benefits deferred inflows	707,145	22,677		-		729,822
1 1 2	,	, , ,			-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	955,761	22,842			-	978,603
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	629,638	-		-		629,638
Restricted for other postemployment benefits	13,283	3,427		-		16,710
Unrestricted	(1,029,284)	(51,644)		1,240		(1,079,688)
Total net position	\$ (386,363)	\$ (48,217)	\$	1,240	\$	(433,340)
	(	(-) /)	•	, .		<u> </u>

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Enterprise Funds								
		Food Service Fund		Daycare Fund		Culinary Fund		Total	
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	80,148	\$	71,113	\$	530	\$	151,791	
Total operating revenues	-	80,148		71,113	_	530		151,791	
Operating expenses:									
Salaries and wages		1,043,555		53,245		-		1,096,800	
Employee benefits		463,523		13,622		-		477,145	
Professional and technical services		50		345		-		395	
Property services		42,828		-		-		42,828	
Other purchased services		7,694		578		-		8,272	
Supplies and materials		2,172,662		4,744		-		2,177,406	
Miscellaneous		19,778		4,604		-		24,382	
Depreciation	_	93,884	_	-	_	-	-	93,884	
Total operating expenses	-	3,843,974		77,138	_	-	-	3,921,112	
Operating income (loss)	-	(3,763,826)		(6,025)	_	530	-	(3,769,321)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Federal government grants		3,412,210		-		_		3,412,210	
State government grants		24,003		-		-		24,003	
Donated commodities		202,691		-		-		202,691	
On-behalf payments		294,944		5,613		_		300,557	
Interest income	_	779		-	_	-	-	779	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	3,934,627		5,613	_	-	-	3,940,240	
Income before transfers		170,801		(412)		530		170,919	
Transfers out	-	(156,981)		-	_	-	-	(156,981)	
Change in net position		13,820		(412)		530		13,938	
Net position, June 30, 2023	-	(400,183)		(47,805)	_	710	-	(447,278)	
Net position, June 30, 2024	\$	(386,363)	\$	(48,217)	\$_	1,240	\$	(433,340)	

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Enterpri	se Fi	inds		
		Food Service		Daycare	(	Culinary		T ( 1
Cash flows from an anothing activities		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from:								
Charges for services	\$	80,380	\$	77,379	\$	552	\$	158,311
Other operating revenues	Э	80,380	Ф	11,319	Ф	552	Э	138,511
Cash paid to / for:		-		-		-		-
Employees		(1,657,879)		(73,034)		_		(1,730,913)
Supplies		(1,057,079) (1,977,499)		(4,744)		_		(1,750,715) (1,982,243)
Other services		(70,419)		(4,924)		-		(75,343)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	(3,625,417)	-	(5,323)		552		(3,630,188)
	-	(3,023,417)	-	(3,323)		552	_	(3,030,188)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Federal government grants		3,374,944		-		-		3,374,944
State government grants		24,003		-		-		24,003
On-behalf payments		294,944		5,613		-		300,557
Transfers out	-	(156,981)	-	-			-	(156,981)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	-	3,536,910	-	5,613		-	-	3,542,523
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Acquisition of capital assets	-	(82,680)	-	-			_	(82,680)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(82,680)	-	-			_	(82,680)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest income		779		-		-		779
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	779					_	779
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-	(170,408)	-	290		552	_	(169,566)
*	-	(170,400)	-	270			-	(10),500)
Cash and cash equivalents:		1 510 1 60		07 107		(00		1 545 004
Beginning of year	-	1,518,169	-	27,137		688	_	1,545,994
End of year	\$	1,347,761	\$	27,427	\$	1,240	\$_	1,376,428
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash								
used in operating activities:	۵		٩	(( 005)	<b>•</b>	530	¢	(2,5(2,221))
Operating income (loss)	\$	(3,763,826)	\$	(6,025)	\$	530	\$	(3,769,321)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		93,884		-		-		93,884
Commodities used		202,691		-		-		202,691
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable - operating		-		6,266		22		6,288
Inventory		(2,963)		-		-		(2,963)
Accounts payable		(4,634)		603		-		(4,031)
Accrued salaries and benefits		(249)		-		-		(249)
Net other postemployment benefits asset and deferrals		(92,162)		(3,694)		-		(95,856)
Net pension liability and deferrals		(58,390)		(2,473)		-		(60,863)
Unearned revenue	-	232	-				_	232
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(3,625,417)	\$	(5,323)	\$	552	\$_	(3,630,188)
Noncash noncapital financing activities: Food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture	\$	202,691						

See Notes to Financial Statements 16

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 1. **Reporting Entity**

The Grayson County Board of Education (Board) is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Grayson County School District (District). Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority for the District.

The financial statements of the District include the financial activities of the Board and its blended component unit in accordance with principles defining the governmental reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, as described below.

<u>Grayson County School District Finance Corporation</u> – The Grayson County School District Finance Corporation (Corporation) serves as an agent of the Board in financing the acquisition, construction, and equipping of school buildings and related facilities, including the issuance of bonds. Members of the Board serve as the board of directors for the Corporation. The Corporation has no financial activity, and transactions related to bond issues in which the Corporation acts as an agent are recorded in the District's government-wide financial statements.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## **Basis of Presentation**

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Basis of Presentation, Continued

classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets.

Proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District reports the following funds:

Governmental Funds:

#### General Fund:

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.

Special Revenue Funds:

## Special Revenue Fund:

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances may be returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods, as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Basis of Presentation, Continued

#### District Activity Fund:

The District Activity Fund is used to account for funds to support co-curricular and extra-curricular activities not raised or expended by student groups.

Student Activity Fund: The Student Activity Fund is used to account for funds raised and expended by student groups for co-curricular and extra-curricular activities.

#### Capital Projects Funds:

Capital project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

#### SEEK Capital Outlay Fund:

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

#### FSPK Building Fund:

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) Building Fund accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

#### Construction Fund:

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction or renovation. This is a major fund of the District.

#### Debt Service Fund:

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest.

#### Proprietary Funds (Enterprise):

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that costs of providing goods or services be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Basis of Presentation, Continued

#### Food Service Fund:

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Revenues are primarily charges for meals. Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contributions of commodities from the USDA. This is a major fund of the District.

#### Daycare Fund:

The Daycare Fund is used to account for daycare operations established to provide supervised activities for students after dismissal. Revenues are primarily charges for childcare.

#### Culinary Fund:

The Culinary Fund is used to account for culinary activities of the District.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions:

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year end.

Non-Exchange Transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from Non-Exchange Transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

## Basis of Accounting, Continued

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the costs have been earned and eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense, with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the District's policy is to first apply restricted resources.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on changes in net financial resources or expenditures rather than revenues or expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

## **Budgetary Principles**

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary), as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary), as opposed to when the obligation is incurred (GAAP).

## Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrance accounting is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are included in assigned fund balance. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated in the next year.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers bank demand deposit accounts, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents.

## Investments

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

## Accounts Receivable

Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include federal and state funding and taxes. Balances deemed uncollectible are written off; therefore, the District does not record an allowance for doubtful accounts.

#### Inventory

Inventory in the Food Service Fund consists of purchased food valued at cost, and donated commodities valued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture at fair value on the date of donation, using the specific identification method.

#### Prepaid Expenses

Expenditures for insurance and similar services extending over more than one accounting period are allocated between or among accounting periods in the governmental funds.

#### Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Certain resources set aside for repayment of school building revenue bonds are classified as restricted cash and cash equivalents on the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet.

## Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds and generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets per Kentucky Department of Education Guidelines:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

## Capital Assets, Continued

Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
General equipment	10-20 years
Food service equipment	12 years

## Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property in the District. Taxes are due in one installment on December 1 and become delinquent by January 1 following the levy date.

The assessed value of the tax roll on January 1, 2023, on which the levy for the 2024 fiscal year was based, totaled \$1,912,660,620. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance General Fund and FSPK Building Fund operations were 46.2 cents and 12.2 cents per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of 58.4 cents per \$100 valuation. In addition, the tax rate assessed for motor vehicles totaled 46.3 cents per \$100 valuation.

The District also levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishing within the county of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial, and mixed gas.

## Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenue on its government-wide and fund financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period (fund financial statements). Unearned revenues also arise when resources are unearned by the District and received before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures (fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements). In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the applicable financial statement and revenue is recognized.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Interfund Receivables and Payables

Each fund is a distinct fiscal and accounting entity, and thus interfund transactions are recorded in each fund affected by a transaction. During the year, the General Fund receives and disburses funds that relate to other funds or activities. Transfers are then made between the various funds to more properly reflect the nature of the transactions.

#### Bonds and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Discounts related to debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

## Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net liabilities (asset), the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB), information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans, and additions to/deductions from the pension/OPEB plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plans. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to legal (or statutory) requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The primary government's proportionate share of pension and OPEB amounts were further allocated to proprietary funds based on the salaries paid by each proprietary fund. Plan investments are reported at fair value.

## Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

## Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

## Net Position

The District classifies net position in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets includes the District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position includes assets that have third-party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) limitations on their use. The District typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project.
- Unrestricted net position typically includes unrestricted liquid assets. The Board of Education has the authority to revisit or alter this designation.

# Fund Balance Classification

The District reports fund balances in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Board of Education). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

## Fund Balance Classification, Continued

- Assigned fund balance—amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the Board of Education delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

The Board of Education establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Education through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

The District would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

## **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## **3.** Deposits and Investments

Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) permit the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United states and its agencies, certificates of deposit or other interest-bearing accounts, bankers acceptances, commercial paper, bonds of the commonwealth of Kentucky and its agencies, securities issued by a state or local government, mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, individual equity securities, and individual corporate bonds, as more fully described in Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) KRS 66.480.

## **Deposits**

The District's deposits (demand deposits accounts) are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. At June 30, 2024, the book balance of the District's bank deposits was \$12,222,595 and the bank balances were \$14,055,603. Of the bank balances, \$563,739 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$13,491,864 was collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution. There were no uninsured or uncollateralized balances.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 3. Deposits and Investments, Continued

## Investments

At June 30, 2024, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Maturities	in Years
	Fair Value	Less	
Туре		Than 1	1-5
Fixed income:			
Bank certificates of deposit	\$ 16,849,413	\$ 16,616,736 \$	232,677

## Credit Risk

The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's policy complies with KRS 66.480, which requires that investments be rated in one of the three highest categories by a competent rating agency. U.S. Government securities or obligations carry the explicit guarantee of the U.S. government and, therefore, are not considered to have credit risk exposure.

## Custodial Credit Risk

The risk that an entity will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty fails. The District averts this risk by maintaining all investments in the entity's name.

## Interest Rate Risk

The risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's policy provides for coordinating investment maturities to closely match cash flow needs, and complies with KRS 66.480, which requires that corporate bonds, if any, have a maturity of no more than 10 years.

## Concentration of Credit Risk

The risk of loss attributed to an over concentration in the portfolio of a security type or issuer. The District's policy is in compliance with KRS 66.480, which requires that amounts invested in individual equity securities may not exceed 25% of total equity securities in the portfolio; amounts invested in any one type of investment may not exceed 20% of the total portfolio; amounts invested in mutual funds, exchange traded funds, individual equity securities, and corporate bonds may not aggregately exceed 40% of the total portfolio; and amounts invested in any one issuer may not exceed 5% of the portfolio.

At year end, 100% of the District's investments were held in certificates of deposit at three financial institutions, which is allowable under KRS 66.480(2)(d)2.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 3. Deposits and Investments, Continued

#### Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District does not have any investments that are measured using Level 2 or 3 inputs. The fair value measurements of the District's investments at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

			Quoted Prices in Active
			Markets for
			Identical Assets
	_	Fair Value	 (Level 1)
Fixed income:			
Bank certificates of deposit	\$	16,849,413	\$ 16,849,413

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for the fair value measurements.

Interest bearing cash and bank certificates of deposit: The carrying amount approximated fair value due to the short-term highly-liquid nature.

#### Investment Earnings

Investment earnings for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of:

Governmental activities: Interest income	\$ 744,623
Business-type activities: Interest income	779
	\$ 745,402

## 4. **Restricted Assets**

Certain of the District's assets are restricted for the following purpose:

Cash and cash equivalents:		
Debt Service Fund:		
Debt service	\$ _	1,419,882

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Year Ended June 30, 2024

# 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions		Disposals		Balance June 30, 2024
<u>Governmental activities</u> : Capital assets, not being depreciated:			_	· · · ·		<u> </u>
Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,856,739 11,718,647	\$ - 6,974,510	\$	(1,884,631)	\$ _	1,856,739 16,808,526
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	13,575,386	6,974,510		(1,884,631)		18,665,265
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Technology equipment Vehicles General equipment	337,070 61,520,264 4,725,143 6,440,814 6,702,189	66,857 1,877,926 130,700 628,982 252,085	_	(458,678) (506,593) (224,540) (250,920)	_	403,927 62,939,512 4,349,250 6,845,256 6,703,354
Total capital assets, being depreciated	79,725,480	2,956,550		(1,440,731)		81,241,299
Less accumulated depreciation: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Technology equipment Vehicles General equipment	(38,717) (28,154,039) (3,923,670) (4,393,627) (3,133,886)	(19,568) (1,492,442) (396,672) (457,623) (330,407)		202,405 503,210 224,540 233,116		(58,285) (29,444,076) (3,817,132) (4,626,710) (3,231,177)
Total accumulated depreciation	(39,643,939)	(2,696,712)	_	1,163,271		(41,177,380)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	40,081,541	259,838	_	(277,460)		40,063,919
Governmental activities: Capital assets, net	\$ 53,656,927	\$ 7,234,348	\$	(2,162,091)	\$_	58,729,184
<u>Business-type activities</u> : Capital assets, being depreciated: Technology equipment General equipment	37,580 1,683,429	82,680	_	(3,386) (94,443)		34,194 1,671,666
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,721,009	82,680		(97,829)		1,705,860
Less accumulated depreciation: Technology equipment General equipment	(26,484) (1,053,683)	(4,576) (89,308)	_	3,386 94,443		(27,674) (1,048,548)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,080,167)	(93,884)	_	97,829		(1,076,222)
Business-type activities: Capital assets, net	\$ 640,842	\$ (11,204)	\$		\$_	629,638

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

# 5. Capital Assets, Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions, as follows:

Instruction	\$ 355,897
Support services:	
Student	68,418
Instructional staff	68,492
District administration	99,044
School administration	628,954
Plant operation and maintenance	1,027,713
Student transportation	448,194
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,696,712

## 6. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	_	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	. <u>-</u>	Deductions		Balance June 30, 2024	_	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:									
Long-term debt: School building revenue									
bonds	\$	26,275,000	\$ -	\$	(1,585,000)	\$	24,690,000	\$	1,645,000
Deferred amounts:		226 765			(42 799)		202.077		
For issuance premiums For issuance discounts		336,765	-		(43,788)		292,977		-
For issuance discounts	-	(141,570)	-	-	17,763		(123,807)	-	-
Total long-term debt		26,470,195	-		(1,611,025)		24,859,170		1,645,000
Compensated absences: Accrued sick leave	_	414,377	127,060		(101,471)	-	439,966	_	133,626
Total governmental activities	\$	26,884,572	\$ 127,060	\$	(1,712,496)	\$	25,299,136	\$	1,778,626

Compensated absences are expected to be liquidated by the funds which incurred the related salary and wage costs.

#### School Building Revenue Bonds

The District is obligated to make payments in amounts equal to annual debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Grayson County School District Finance Corporation and the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (Commission) to construct or renovate school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the properties at any time by retiring the bonds outstanding. These payments are recorded in the Debt Service Fund.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 6. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued

## School Building Revenue Bonds, Continued

In addition, the District has entered into participation agreements with the Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs.

A summary of District and Commission bond activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

	_	District	-	Commission	_	Total
Balance, June 30, 2023 Retired	\$	22,871,239 (1,320,642)	\$	3,403,761 (264,358)	\$	26,275,000 (1,585,000)
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$	21,550,597	\$	3,139,403	\$	24,690,000

A summary of the interest rates, maturities, and balances is as follows:

			Balance, June 30, 2024					
	Range of Interest <u>Rates</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>		<u>District</u>	<u>C</u>	ommission		Total
2011A Issue 2013 Issue 2015 Issue 2016R Issue 2017R Issue	$\begin{array}{r} 4.90\%\\ 2.00-4.000\%\\ 1.30-3.500\%\\ 1.00-3.000\%\\ 2.25-3.000\%\end{array}$	2026 2034 2035 2029 2028	\$	$1,920,000 \\ 4,180,062 \\ 492,440 \\ 5,380,577 \\ 1,290,000$	\$	949,938 352,560 549,423	\$	1,920,000 5,130,000 845,000 5,930,000 1,290,000
2018 Issue 2020 Issue 2022 Issue 2023 Issue	2.50 - 4.000% 2.85% 2.20 - 5.000% 3.75-5.000%	2039 2040 2042 2044	_	824,677 1,025,000 2,192,841 4,245,000		490,323		$\begin{array}{c} 1,315,000\\ 1,025,000\\ 2,990,000\\ 4,245,000\end{array}$
			\$	21,550,597	\$	3,139,403	\$	24,690,000

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District and amounts to be paid by the Commission at June 30, 2024, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 6. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued

#### School Building Revenue Bonds, Continued

	Grayson County School District		Kentue Constr					
Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest	District Total	Principal	Interest	Commission Total	Total
2025	\$	1,373,145	689,478	2,062,623	271,855	200,377	472,232	2,534,855
2026		3,604,913	644,624	4,249,537	280,087	145,106	425,193	4,674,730
2027		1,806,180	592,320	2,398,500	288,820	89,334	378,154	2,776,654
2028		1,852,065	539,400	2,391,465	297,935	80,217	378,152	2,769,617
2029		1,567,503	483,927	2,051,430	307,497	70,656	378,153	2,429,583
2030-								
2034		5,490,574	1,643,697	7,134,271	1,054,426	223,607	1,278,033	8,412,304
2035-								
2039		4,775,872	692,319	5,468,191	469,128	77,265	546,393	6,014,584
2040-								
2044		1,080,345	112,906	1,193,251	169,655	12,880	182,535	1,375,786
	\$	21,550,597 \$	5,398,671 \$	26,949,268 \$	3,139,403 \$	899,442 \$	4,038,845 \$	30,988,113

Generally, all bonds issued are secured by a statutory mortgage lien on the respective school buildings and appurtenant properties, including any subsequent additions thereto. The agreements contain a provision that in the event of default, action can be taken to compel specific performance. The amount of interest expense on bonds for the year ended June 30, 2024, totaled \$945,403, of which \$831,609 was incurred by the District, and \$113,794 was paid by the Commission.

In connection with the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Act), the District issued the Series 2011A Qualified Zone Academy Bonds. Under the Act, state and local governments were authorized to issue taxable bonds to finance capital expenditures for which they could otherwise issue tax-exempt bonds, and receive from the IRS a direct interest subsidy totaling 100% of the total coupon interest paid to investors. The interest subsidy for fiscal year 2024 totaled \$89,294 (coupon interest of \$94,080, less a reduction of \$4,786, due to sequestration). Remaining interest subsidies through maturity of the bonds, assuming no further sequestration reductions, are as follows:

Year	Ending	June	30:
I Cul	Linging	0 0110	50.

2025 2026	\$ 94,080 47,040
	\$ 141,120

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 6. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued

## Compensated Absences

Upon retirement, as defined by the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky or the County Employees Retirement System, certified and classified employees received an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave based on the individual final salary. This liability totaled \$439,966 at June 30, 2024, and is recorded as a long-term liability in the district-wide financial statements. Unused accumulated vacation leave does not vest and, therefore, is not recorded as a liability in the financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the amount of compensated absences recorded as a liability would be the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These obligations for June 30, 2024, were paid prior to fiscal year end and, therefore, no amount has been accrued in the governmental fund financial statements.

## 7. Interfund Receivables and Payables

	Receivable		 Payable	
General Fund	\$	227,756	\$ -	
Special Revenue Fund		-	 227,756	
	\$	227,756	\$ 227,756	

All interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

# 8. Pension Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky

## Plan Description

Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and, therefore, is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 8. Pension Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, Continued

## **Benefits Provided**

For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1. Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002, receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002, will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002, who retire with ten or more years of total service, including the first ten years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004, and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date. Effective January 1, 2022, the System again amended the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

## **Contributions**

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. Members in tiers 1, 2 and 3 are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to TRS for the year ended June 30, 2024. Beginning January 1, 2022, members in tier 4 are required to contribute 14.75% of their salaries. The State, as a non-employer contributing entity, contributes 13.105% of the salaries of school district members who joined before July 1, 2008, 14.105% for those who joined between July 1, 2008 and December 31, 2021, and 10.75% for those joining thereafter. For local school district TRS members whose salaries are federally funded, the District contributes the applicable percentage of salaries based on the employee's tier.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 8. Pension Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, Continued

### Contributions, Continued

If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Because the State, as a non-employer contributing entity, is required by Kentucky Revised Statutes to contribute 100% of the District's contractually required contributions, the District reports no pension liabilities, pension expenses, deferred outflows of resources, or deferred inflows of resources related to TRS.

The portion of the TRS net pension liability that was associated with the District recognized at June 30, 2024, was as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	76,346,093
Total	\$ 76,346,093

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The net pension liability associated with the District was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the measurement date, the District's proportion of the TRS net pension liability was .4481%, an decrease of .026% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022, of .4741%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized on-behalf pension expense and revenue of \$4,592,308 for contributions provided by the State.

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2021 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 8. Pension Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, Continued

#### Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.00 to 7.50%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation	7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Prior Measurement Date	3.37%
Measurement Date	3.66%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation:	
Prior Measurement Date	7.10%
Measurement Date	7.10%
Post-Retirement Benefit Increases	1.50% annually

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 8. Pension Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, Continued

#### Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equity	35.4%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. equity	2.6	5.5%
Developed International Equity	15.7	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.3	6.1%
Fixed income	15.0	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	5.0	3.8%
Other Additional categories	5.0	3.6%
Real estate	7.0	3.2%
Private equity	7.0	8.0%
Cash	2.0	1.6%
	<u>100%</u>	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (TPL) as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. TRS assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the State's Proportionate Share of the District's Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 8. Pension Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, Continued

Sensitivity of the State's Proportionate Share of the District's Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate, Continued

		State's proportionate share of net pension liability associated
	Discount rate	with the District
1% decrease	6.10%	\$98,104,269
Current discount rate	7.10%	\$76,346,093
1% increase	8.10%	\$58,229,303

#### Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS fiduciary net position is available in the publicly available financial report.

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

Because the State is required by statute to contribute 100% of the District's contractually required pension contributions, the District reports no payable for such pension contributions at June 30, 2024.

## 9. Other Postemployment Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky

#### Medical Insurance Plan (MIP)

*Plan description* – In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The MIP is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

*Benefits provided* – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The MIP offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 9. Other Postemployment Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, Continued

## Medical Insurance Plan (MIP), Continued

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from State appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The State contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010, who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB MIP liability and the related deferred outflows or deferred inflows.

## Life Insurance Plan (LIP)

*Plan description* – TRS also administers a life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The LIP is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

*Benefits provided* – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the State. Employers do not contribute to the LIP.

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for a proportionate share of the collective net OPEB LIP liability, nor any related deferred outflows or deferred inflows, because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB LIP support directly to TRS on behalf of the District, and the District does not contribute to the LIP.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$5,739,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net MIP OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state MIP OPEB support

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 9. Other Postemployment Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, Continued

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs, Continued

provided to the District. The collective net MIP OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total MIP OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net MIP OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the MIP OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2023 measurement date, the District's proportion was 0.235617 %, a decrease of 0.106691% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022, of .342308%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liabilities, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liabilities associated with the District were as follows:

	_	MIP	_	LIP
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,739,000	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB				
liability associated with the District	_	4,837,000	-	120,000
Total	\$	10,576,000	\$	120,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized MIP OPEB expense (credit) of \$(177,413). In addition, on-behalf MIP and LIP OPEB revenue and expense for support provided by the State totaled \$376,298 and \$11,905 for the year ended June 30, 2024. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the MIP OPEB from the following sources:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 9. Other Postemployment Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, Continued

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs, Continued

	 MIP				
	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	1,945,000		
Changes of assumptions	1,305,000		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	107,000		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,055,000		3,137,000		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 453,156	-	-		
Total	\$ 3,920,156	\$	5,082,000		

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the MIP OPEB, \$1,603,523 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net MIP OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to MIP OPEB will be recognized in the District's MIP OPEB expense as follows:

2025	\$ (507,000)
2026	(458,000)
2027	(71,000)
2028	(82,000)
2029	(232,000)
Thereafter	(265,000)
	\$

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 9. Other Postemployment Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, Continued

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs, Continued

*Actuarial assumptions* – The total MIP and LIP OPEB liabilities in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 %
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including	
wage inflation	3.00 - 7.50%
Long-term Investment Rate of Retur	'n,
net of OPEB plan investment	
expense, including inflation:	
MIP	7.10%
LIP	7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net	
of OPEB plan investment expen	nse,
including inflation (Discount rat	te):
MIP	7.10%
LIP	7.10%
MIP Health Care Cost Trends:	
Medical Trend	6.75% for FY 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate
	of 4.50% by FY 2032
Medicare Part B Premiums	1.55% for FY 2023 with an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by 2034
	-

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, deferred vested retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 9. Other Postemployment Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, Continued

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs, Continued

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2022 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target A	llocation	30 Year I Geometr Rate of	ric Real
Asset Class	MIP	LIP	MIP	LIP
U.S. Equity	38.0	40.0	10.5%	5.2%
International Equity	15.0	15.0	5.5%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0	5.0	6.1%	6.1%
Fixed Income	9.0	21.0	1.9%	1.9%
Real Estate	6.5	7.0	3.2%	3.2%
Private Equity	8.5	5.0	8.0%	8.0%
High Yield	8.0	-	3.8%	-
Additional Categories	9.0	5.0	3.7%	4.0%
Cash	1.0	2.0	1.6%	1.6%
Total	100%	100%		

*Discount rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total MIP and LIP OPEB liabilities was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the MIP employer

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 9. Other Postemployment Benefits – Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky, Continued

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs, Continued

contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liabilities.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net MIP OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net MIP OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

			Current	
		1% decrease	discount rate	1% increase
	_	(6.10%)	 (7.10%)	 (8.10%)
Net MIP OPEB liability	\$	7,381,000	\$ 5,739,000	\$ 4,381,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net MIP OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net MIP OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net MIP OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current						
		1% decrease		trend rate		1% increase	
							_
Net MIP OPEB liability	\$	4,131,000	\$	5,739,000	\$	7,740,000	

*OPEB plans' fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### Payable to the OPEB Plans

The District reported payables of \$0 for the outstanding amount of MIP and LIP OPEB contributions due to the Plans at June 30, 2024.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 10. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits – County Employees Retirement System

#### Plan Description

The District contributes to the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), which is a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension/OPEB plan administered by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) that covers members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in CERS. KPPA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.kyret.ky.gov</u>.

## **Benefits Provided**

CERS provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members through its Pension Fund, as well as other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for hospital and medical insurance through its Insurance Fund.

Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of members under certain circumstances. Retirement benefits are determined using a formula which considers the member's final compensation; benefit factors set by statute which vary depending upon the type/amount of service, participation date, and retirement date; and years of service as fully described in the plan documents.

Other postemployment benefits provided by CERS consist of prescribed contributions for whole or partial payments of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

#### Contributions

State statute requires active members to contribute 5% of creditable compensation. For members participating on or after September 1, 2008, an additional 1% of creditable compensation is required. This amount is credited to the Insurance Fund and is non-refundable to the member. Employers contribute at the rate determined by the KPPA Board to be necessary for the actuarial soundness of the systems, as required by KRS 61.565 and KRS 78.635.

The District's actuarially determined contribution rates and contribution amounts applicable to fiscal year 2024 were based on annual creditable compensation for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Contribution Rates	 Contributions
Pension	23.34%	\$ 1,559,390
OPEB	0.00	 
Total	23.34%	\$ 1,559,390

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 10. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits – County Employees Retirement System, Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions and OPEB

The net pension liability and OPEB asset reported as of June 30, 2024, were measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability and OPEB asset used to calculate the net pension liability and OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the asset and liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. Changes in the District's pension and OPEB proportions as of the measurement dates were as follows:

	Pension	OPEB
June 30, 2022	0.221090%	0.221051%
Increase	0.010102	0.010133
June 30, 2023	0.231192%	0.231184%

The District's pension liability and OPEB asset and expense as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	 Net Pension Liability	 Net OPEB (Asset)
Proportionate Share	\$ 14,834,454	\$ (319,188)
Pension/OPEB Expense	\$ 1,205,114	\$ (684,199)

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 10. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits – County Employees Retirement System, Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions and OPEB, Continued

		Pe	nsioi	1	0	PEB	
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	767,951	\$	40,309	\$ 222,522	\$	4,532,152
Changes of assumptions		-		1,359,588	628,140		437,751
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-		202,350	-		74,078
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		519,785		6,063	189,978		48,468
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	1,559,390		-	 -		-
Total	\$	2,847,126	\$	1,608,310	\$ 1,040,640	\$	5,092,449

The \$1,559,390 and \$- of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's pension and OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability and increase in OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension and OPEB expense as follows:

		Pension	OPEB
Year ending June 30,			
2025	\$	(153,450) \$	(1,003,162)
2026		(354,677)	(1,261,309)
2027		331,165	(948,218)
2028	_	(143,612)	(839,120)
	\$	(320,574) \$	(4,051,809)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability and OPEB asset in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 10. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits – County Employees Retirement System, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

Inflation	2.50%
Payroll growth rate	2.00%
Salary increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Net investment rate	6.50%
Healthcare trend rates (OPEB)	Pre-65: Initial trend starting at 6.80% at January 1, 2025, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. Post-65: Initial trend starting at 8.50% in 2025, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

Pension and OPEB: The mortality table used for active members was a PUB-2010 General Mortality table, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for nondisabled retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023. The mortality table used for the disabled retired members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 10. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits – County Employees Retirement System, Continued

#### Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity		
Public equity	50.00	5.90%
Private equity	10.00	11.73%
	60.00	
Fixed income		
Core fixed income	10.00	2.45%
Specialty credit	10.00	3.65%
Cash	0.00	1.39%
	20.00	
Inflation protected		
Real estate	7.00	4.99%
Real return	13.00	5.15%
	20.00	
Total	100.00%	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability and OPEB asset at the measurement dates and changes since the prior year were as follows:

	Pension	OPEB
Discount rate, June 30, 2022	6.25%	5.70%
Increase	0.25	0.23
Discount rate, June 30, 2023	6.50%	5.93%

The discount rate of 6.50% used to measure the total pension liability was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments. The discount rate of 5.93% used to measure the total OPEB asset was based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.86% as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 10. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits – County Employees Retirement System, Continued

## Discount Rate, Continued

The projection of cash flows used to determine the pension discount rate assumed that the funds would receive the required employer contributions in each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018). The projection of cash flows used to determine the OPEB discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Liabilities to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and OPEB asset, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and OPEB (asset) liability would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		District's Proport	tionate Share	
_	Discount Rate	 Net pension Liability	Discount Rate	 Net OPEB (Asset) Liability
1% decrease	5.50%	\$ 18,729,395	4.93%	\$ 598,994
Current discount rate	6.50%	\$ 14,834,454	5.93%	\$ (319,188)
1% increase	7.50%	\$ 11,597,612	6.93%	\$ (1,088,053)

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	 District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB (Asset) Liability
1% decrease	5.80% Pre-65 and 7.50% Post-65	\$ (1,023,053)
Current healthcare cost trend rates	6.80% Pre-65 and 8.50% Post-65	\$ (319,188)
1% increase	7.80% Pre-65 and 9.50% Post-65	\$ 545,444

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 10. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits – County Employees Retirement System, Continued

#### Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the CERS fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KPPA Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

#### Payables to the Pension/OPEB Plans

The District reported the following payables for the outstanding amount of pension/OPEB contributions due to CERS for the year ended June 30, 2024.

_	Pension	_	OPEB
\$	-	\$	-

#### 11. On-Behalf Payments

Payments are made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for various purposes on behalf of the District. These on-behalf payments are budgeted and recorded as revenue and expense in the governmental and proprietary funds of the District, and are comprised of the following for the year ended June 30, 2024:

TRS:	
Pension	\$ 4,592,307
Retiree health insurance	376,298
Retiree life insurance	11,905
Health insurance	5,107,509
HRA and administrative fees	290,754
State life insurance	7,239
Technology	124,878
KSFCC debt service	378,152
	\$ 10,889,042

## 12. Deferred Compensation

The District offers its employees participation in a deferred compensation program administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. This program offers a plan authorized by Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and a plan authorized by Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Both plans are available to all employees and permit them to defer up to 25% of their compensation (subject to limits) until future years. The District makes no contributions to these plans.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 13. Fund Balance Classification

The composition of the fund balance classifications at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

					Maj	or Governmental Fun	ıds	_					
				General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund		Tot Ma Govern Fun	jor menta	1		
	Fund baland Nonspen Prepaid expen	dable: d	\$	123,034 123,034	\$	\$		\$		23,03			
	Restricted f Future ca needs Sick leav Other Technolo	apital ve	_	219,983 3,000 222,983		419,512	1,491,055	-	2	191,05 219,98 3,00 119,51 133,55	33 00 2		
	Assigned: Site base carryfo Purchase obligat Other	orward	-	22,327 12,317 146,470 181,114	-	-	-	_	1	22,32 12,31 46,47 81,11	7		
	Unassigned		_	13,724,900	_			_	13,7	724,90	00		
	Total fund balances		\$	14,252,031	\$	419,512 \$	1,491,055	\$	16,1	62,59	98		
	-			Ν	Jonm	ajor Governmental Fi							
	-	District Activity Fund		School Activity Fund	Jonm	ajor Governmental Fi FSPK Building Fund	unds SEEK Capital Outlay Fund		Debt Service Fund	_	Total Non-major Govt. Funds	_	Total
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid expenses	\$	Activity	\$	School Activity	<u>Jonm</u>	FSPK Building	SEEK Capital Outlay		Service	- \$	Non-major Govt.	\$	Total 123,034 123,034
Nonspendable: Prepaid	\$ 	Activity	\$	School Activity	<u>Ionm</u> \$	FSPK Building	SEEK Capital Outlay	1,	Service	\$ -	Non-major Govt.	\$	123,034
Nonspendable: Prepaid expenses Restricted for: Future capital needs Sick leave Other Technology Assigned: Site based carryforwar	- \$ - - -	Activity Fund - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 	School Activity Fund	<u>Ionm</u> \$	FSPK Building Fund \$	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund - \$ 757,108 - -	1,	Service Fund - - ,423,803 - - -	\$ _ _	Non-major Govt. Funds - - 3,261,389 245,543	\$	123,034 123,034 4,752,444 219,983 248,543 419,512
Nonspendable: Prepaid expenses Restricted for: Future capital needs Sick leave Other Technology Assigned: Site based	\$ 	Activity Fund - - - - - - - - - -	_	School Activity Fund	<u>_</u> \$	FSPK Building Fund \$	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund - \$ 757,108 - -	1,	Service Fund - - ,423,803 - - -	\$	Non-major Govt. Funds - - 3,261,389 245,543	\$	123,034 123,034 4,752,444 219,983 248,543 419,512 5,640,482
Nonspendable: Prepaid expenses Restricted for: Future capital needs Sick leave Other Technology Assigned: Site based carryforwar Purchase obligations		Activity Fund	_	School Activity Fund	<u>lonm</u> \$	FSPK Building Fund 	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund - \$ 757,108 - 757,108 - - - - - -	1,	Service <u>Fund</u> -	\$	Non-major Govt. Funds - - 3,261,389 245,543 - 3,506,932 - - 21,413	\$	123,034 123,034 4,752,444 219,983 248,543 419,512 5,640,482 22,327 12,317 167,883

The District had no committed fund balances at June 30, 2024.

The District has \$12,317 of encumbrances of operating funds in major and nonmajor funds at June 30, 2024, rolled over into the next fiscal year.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 14. Net Position Deficit

The net position deficits reported by the Food Service Fund and Daycare Fund in the amounts of \$(386,363) and \$(48,217), respectively, resulted from the recording of the net pension and other post employment benefits liabilities.

#### 15. Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	-		_						
	-			Major Governmer Fund	ntal	 Nonmajor Governmental Fund	_		
	-	Special General Revenue Fund Fund				Construction Fund	 Debt Service Fund		Total
<u>Transfers out</u> : Major Governmental Funds:									
General Fund Special Revenue	\$	-	\$	72,529	\$	1,469,134	\$ -	\$	1,541,663
Fund		-		-		2,862,035	-	-	2,862,035 4,403,698
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: FSPK Building									
Fund Food Service		-		-		-	2,308,625		2,308,625
Fund	-	156,981		-		-	 		156,981 2,465,606
	\$_	156,981	\$	72,529	\$	4,331,169	\$ 2,308,625	\$	6,869,304

Transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the funds with collection authorization to the funds where budgetary authorizations exist for disbursement; and 2) to move unrestricted General Fund revenues to programs accounted for in other funds for which the General Fund provides subsidies or matching funds.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 16. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## 17. Contingencies

The District receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies and from private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantors' review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

## 18. Commitments

During fiscal year 2024, the District entered into construction contracts totaling \$14,132,518 for various facility improvements. Remaining commitments under these contracts totaled \$1,070,044 at June 30, 2024, of which \$401,336 was included in accounts payable in the Construction Fund.

## **19.** Accounting Standard Effective in Future Period

The following recently issued accounting standards are expected to impact the financial statements of the District in future periods:

## GASBS No. 101 Compensated Absences

In June 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The Statement was issued to update the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The District is currently evaluating the impact that the Statement will have on its financial statements.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## 20. Impact of COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic. The District provided in-person instruction, nontraditional instruction, and hybrid in-person instruction throughout the next two school years. The District was awarded significant federal funds to address the needs and extra costs of the pandemic. Although the District is now back to regular operations, the additional federal funds are still being expended.

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

#### GENERAL FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

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	Buc	lget				Variance with		
	 Original		Final		Actual	I	Final Budget	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$ 7,734,000	\$	8,184,000	\$	9,017,891	\$	833,891	
Utility taxes	1,800,000		1,800,000		2,106,184		306,184	
Earnings on investments	50,000		50,000		184,910		134,910	
Other local revenue	32,000		27,000		304,094		277,094	
State aid	17,900,000		17,900,000		28,196,660		10,296,660	
Federal aid	150,000	-	150,000	-	297,597	_	147,597	
Total revenues	27,666,000	-	28,111,000	-	40,107,336	_	11,996,336	
Expenditures:								
Instruction	18,074,563		18,903,649		23,099,297		(4,195,648)	
Support services:								
Student	1,755,030		1,450,430		1,834,255		(383,825)	
Instructional staff	1,613,645		1,827,995		1,734,969		93,026	
District administration	1,269,179		1,294,500		1,203,361		91,139	
School administration	1,468,760		1,436,760		1,853,807		(417,047)	
Business	756,800		856,700		806,222		50,478	
Plant operation and maintenance	4,655,375		4,805,625		3,661,703		1,143,922	
Student transportation	3,683,110		4,504,300		3,600,784		903,516	
Community services	54,110		54,110		19,871		34,239	
Debt service	210,000		210,000		-		210,000	
Contingency	2,092,059		-		-		-	
Building renovations / additions	3,643,000	-	2,430,000	-	-	_	2,430,000	
Total expenditures	39,275,631	-	37,774,069	-	37,814,269	_	(40,200)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(11,609,631)	-	(9,663,069)	-	2,293,067		11,956,136	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	5,000		5,000		12,670		7,670	
Operating transfers in	120,000		120,000		156,981		36,981	
Operating transfers out	(232,209)	_	(232,209)	_	(1,541,663)	_	(1,309,454)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(107,209)	-	(107,209)	-	(1,372,012)	-	(1,264,803)	
Net change in fund balance	(11,716,840)		(9,770,278)		921,055		10,691,333	
Fund balance, June 30, 2023	13,330,976	-	13,330,976	-	13,330,976	_		
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 1,614,136	\$ _	3,560,698	\$ _	14,252,031	\$ _	10,691,333	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

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	Bud	lget				V	ariance with
	Original		Final		Actual	F	Final Budget
Revenues:							
Earnings on investments \$	-	\$	-	\$	188	\$	188
Other local revenue	-		18,000		10,175		(7,825)
State aid	2,034,473		2,040,266		1,974,048		(66,218)
Federal aid	3,342,889		3,434,841	-	8,628,582	-	5,193,741
Total revenues	5,377,362	-	5,493,107	-	10,612,993	-	5,119,886
Expenditures:							
Instruction	4,169,291		4,238,891		6,420,482		(2,181,591)
Support services:							
Student	176,684		215,561		367,271		(151,710)
Instructional staff	382,940		443,322		377,800		65,522
District administration	7,599		1,039		224		815
School administration	113,875		99,825		81,992		17,833
Plant operation and maintenance	154,760		160,650		119,592		41,058
Student transportation	-		-		289		(289)
Community services	405,362		406,348	-	387,576	-	18,772
Total expenditures	5,410,511		5,565,636	-	7,755,226	-	(2,189,590)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(33,149)	-	(72,529)	-	2,857,767	-	2,930,296
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in	33,149		72,529		72,529		-
Operating transfers out		-		-	(2,862,035)	-	(2,862,035)
Total other financing sources (uses)	33,149	-	72,529	_	(2,789,506)	-	(2,862,035)
Net change in fund balance	-		-		68,261		68,261
Fund balance, June 30, 2023	351,251	-	351,251	-	351,251	_	
Fund balance, June 30, 2024 \$	351,251	\$	351,251	\$_	419,512	\$_	68,261

#### SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY

## Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2024	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
District's proportion of the plan total net pension liability		0.0000%	0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	-	76,346,093	80,325,143	_	60,133,145	-	71,048,973	_	70,347,566	_	69,266,079	. <u>-</u>	143,273,245	_	156,906,059	-	122,563,516	-	112,419,575
Total	\$	76,346,093	\$ 80,325,143	\$_	60,133,145	\$	71,048,973	\$_	70,347,566	\$_	69,266,079	\$	143,273,245	\$	156,906,059	\$_	122,563,516	\$_	112,419,575
District's covered payroll	\$	14,864,739	\$ 15,139,045	\$	14,585,272	\$	16,667,568	\$	16,922,400	\$	16,962,251	\$	17,124,859	\$	17,138,893	\$	16,756,423	\$	16,448,790
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.68%	56.41%		65.59%		58.27%		58.80%		59.30%		39.83%		35.22%		42.49%		45.59%

#### SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY

Last 10 Fiscal Years

		<u>2024</u>		2023		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		2016	2015
District's contractually required contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
District's contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	_	-	_		_		 	 	 	 -	 	. –		 -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$_	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 1	5,105,231	\$	14,864,739	\$	15,139,045	\$ 14,585,272	\$ 16,667,568	\$ 16,922,400	\$ 16,962,251	17,124,859	\$	17,138,893	\$ 16,756,423
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%

#### SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITIES TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY

## Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN (MIP)								
District's proportion of the plan total net MIP OPEB liability		0.235617%	0.342308%	0.246506%	0.268496%	0.275063%	0.235742%	0.281352%
District's proportionate share of the net MIP OPEB liability associated with the District	\$	5,739,000 \$	8,498,000 \$	5,289,000 \$	6,776,000 \$	8,051,000 \$	9,491,000 \$	10,032,000
State's proportionate share of the net MIP OPEB liability associated with the District	-	4,837,000	2,792,000	4,296,000	5,428,000	6,501,000	8,180,000	8,195,000
Total	\$	10,576,000 \$	11,290,000 \$	9,585,000 \$	12,204,000 \$	14,552,000 \$	17,671,000 \$	18,227,000
District's covered payroll	\$	14,864,739 \$	15,139,045 \$	14,585,272 \$	16,667,568 \$	16,922,400 \$	16,962,251 \$	17,124,859
District's proportionate share of the net MIP OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		38.61%	56.13%	36.26%	40.65%	47.58%	55.95%	58.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total MIP OPEB liability		52.97%	47.75%	51.74%	39.05%	32.58%	25.50%	21.18%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (LIP)								
District's proportion of the plan total net LIP OPEB liability		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net LIP OPEB liability associated with the District	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net LIP OPEB liability associated with the District	-	120,000	139,000	57,000	164,000	471,000	419,000	327,000
Total	\$	120,000 \$	139,000 \$	57,000 \$	164,000 \$	471,000 \$	419,000 \$	327,000
District's covered payroll	\$	14,864,739 \$	15,139,045 \$	14,585,272 \$	16,667,568 \$	16,922,400 \$	16,962,251 \$	17,124,859
District's proportionate share of the net LIP OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total LIP OPEB liability		76.91%	73.97%	89.15%	71.57%	73.40%	75.00%	79.99%

\* Presented for those years for which the information is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY

Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

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MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN (MIP)		<u>2024</u>		2023		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
District's contractually required contributions	\$	453,156	\$	445,945	\$	454,175	\$ 437,550	\$ 500,027	\$ 507,672	\$ 508,846
District's contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	_	(453,156)	_	(445,945)	_	(454,175)	 (437,550)	 (500,027)	 (507,672)	 (508,846)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_		\$_		\$_	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ \$	\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$	15,105,231	\$	14,864,739	\$	15,139,045	\$ 14,585,272	\$ 16,667,568	\$ 16,922,400	\$ 16,962,251
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (LIP)										
District's contractually required contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 5	\$ -
District's contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	_	_	_	_	_	-	 _	 _	 	 -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$	15,105,231	\$	14,864,739	\$	15,139,045	\$ 14,585,272	\$ 16,667,568	\$ 16,922,400	\$ 16,962,251
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

\* Presented for those years for which the information is available.

## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

PENSION

## Changes of Benefit Terms

2016-2024 None

#### Changes of Assumptions

-	2024	The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.37% to 3.66%.
	2023	The municipal bond index rate increased from 2.13% to 3.37%.
	2022	The inflation rate decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%.
		The salary increases changed from 3.50%-7.30% to 3.00%-7.50%.
		The long-term investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.10%.
		The municipal bond index rate decreased from 2.19% to 2.13%.
		The discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.10%.
	2021	The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.19%.
	2020	The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%.
	2019	The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.89%.
		The discount rate increased from 4.49% to 7.50%.
	2018	None
	2017	The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.82% to 3.01%.
		The discount rate decreased from 4.88% to 4.20%.
	2016	None

#### MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN (MIP)

#### Changes of Benefit Terms

#### 2019-2024 None

2018 With the passage of Kentucky House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010, is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" calculations, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

#### Changes of Assumptions

2024	The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.37% to 3.66%.
	Health Care Cost Trends increased from 5.125% to 6.75%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Medicare Part B Premiums increased from 6.97% to 1.55%.
2023	The municipal bond index rate increased from 2.13% to 3.37%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Ages 65 and Older increased from 5.0% to 5.125%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Medicare Part B Premiums increased from 4.40% to 6.97%.
2022	The inflation rate decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%.
	The real wage growth rate decreased from .50% to .25%.
	The wage inflation rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.75%.
	The salary increases changed from 3.50%-7.20% to 3.00%-7.50%.
	The long-term investment rate of return decreased from 8.00% to 7.10%.
	The municipal bond index rate decreased from 2.19% to 2.13%.
	The discount rate decreased from 8.00% to 7.10%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Under Age 65 decreased from 7.25% to 7.00%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Ages 65 and Older decreased from 5.25% to 5.00%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Medicare Part B Premiums decreased from 6.49% to 4.40%.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY, CONTINUED

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Changes of Assumptions, Continued

2021	The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.19%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Under Age 65 decreased from 7.50% to 7.25%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Ages 65 and Older decreased from 5.50% to 5.25%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Medicare Part B Premiums increased from 2.63% to 6.49%.
2020	The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Under Age 65 decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Ages 65 and Older decreased from 5.75% to 5.50%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Medicare Part B Premiums increased from 0.00% to 2.63%.
2019	The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.89%.
	Health Care Cost Trends for Medicare Part B Premiums decreased from 1.02% to 0.00%.
2018	None

#### LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (LIP)

Changes of Benefit Terms 2018-2024 None

#### Changes of Assumptions

2024	The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.37% to 3.66%.
2023	The municipal bond index rate increased from 2.13% to 3.37%.
2022	The inflation rate decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%.
	The real wage growth rate decreased from .50% to .25%.
	The wage inflation rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.75%.
	The salary increases changed from 3.50%-7.20% to 3.00%-7.50%.
	The long-term investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.10%.
	The municipal bond index rate decreased from 2.19% to 2.13%.
	The discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.10%.
2021	The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.19%.
2020	The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%.
2019	The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.89%.
2018	None

#### SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION FUND

## Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	<u>2020</u>	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.231192%	0.221090%	0.218107%	0.222560%	0.218247%	0.219444%	0.219247%	0.222807%	0.223167%	0.225779%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,834,454	\$ 15,982,626	\$ 13,906,032 \$	\$ 17,070,168 \$	15,349,409 \$	13,364,808	\$ 12,833,201 \$	10,970,143	\$ 9,595,109 \$	7,325,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,792,005	6,169,517	\$ 5,586,206 \$	\$ 5,709,425 \$	5,525,683 \$	5,438,710	\$ 5,338,123 \$	5,313,593	\$ 5,225,887 \$	5,537,363
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	218.41%	259.06%	248.94%	298.98%	277.78%	245.73%	240.41%	206.45%	183.61%	132.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.48%	52.42%	57.33%	47.81%	50.45%	53.54%	55.30%	55.50%	59.97%	66.80%

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION FUND

#### Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,559,390 \$	\$ 1,589,243 \$	1,305,976 \$	1,078,138 \$	1,101,919 \$	896,265 \$	787,525 \$	744,669 \$	659,948 \$	666,299
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	(1,559,390)	(1,589,243)	(1,305,976)	(1,078,138)	(1,101,919)	(896,265)	(787,525)	(744,669)	(659,948)	(666,299)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u> </u>	s <u> </u>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	_
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,681,191 \$	6,792,005 \$	6,169,517 \$	5,586,206 \$	5,709,425 \$	5,525,683 \$	5,438,710 \$	5,338,123 \$	5,313,593 \$	5,225,887
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.34%	23.40%	21.17%	19.30%	19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%	12.75%

#### SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM INSURANCE FUND

Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

	<u>202</u>	<u>4</u>	2023		202	2	2021	2020	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.231	84%	0.2210	1%	0.2180	)56%	0.222496%	0.218190%	0.219435%	ſ	0.219247%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (319	188) \$	4,362,4	72 \$	4,174	,573	\$ 5,372,602	\$ 3,669,858	\$ 3,896,025	\$	4,407,615
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,792	005 \$	6,169,5	17 \$	5,586	,206	\$ 5,709,425	\$ 5,525,683	\$ 5,438,710	\$	5,338,123
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-4	70%	70.7	1%	74	.73%	94.10%	66.41%	71.64%		82.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	104	23%	60.9	5%	62	.91%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%		52.4%

\* Presented for those years for which the information is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM INSURANCE FUND

Last 10 Fiscal Years \*

		2024	2023		2022	2021		2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contributions	\$	-	\$ 230,237	\$	356,568 \$	265,903	\$	271,769	\$ 290,650 \$	255,619
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	_	-	 (230,237)		(356,568)	(265,903)	_	(271,769)	 (290,650)	(255,619)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-	\$ - 3	\$_	\$		\$_	-	\$ \$	
District's covered payroll	\$	6,681,191	\$ 6,792,005	\$	6,169,517 \$	5,586,206	\$	5,709,425	\$ 5,525,683 \$	5,438,710
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%	3.39%		5.78%	4.76%		4.76%	5.26%	4.70%

\* Presented for those years for which the information is available.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Changes of Benefit Terms

2016-2024 None

#### Changes of Assumptions

#### 2024 Pension and OPEB:

The assumed rate of inflation was increased from 2.30% to 2.50%. The assumed investment return was changed from 6.25% to 6.50%. The single discount rate changed from 6.25% to 6.50% for pension and from 5.70% to 5.93% for OPEB.

#### OPEB:

Healthcare Trend Rates for Pre - 65 increased from 6.20% to 6.80%. Healthcare Trend Rates for Post - 65 decreased from 9.00% to 8.50%.

#### 2023 OPEB:

The single discount rate changed from 5.20% to 5.70%. Healthcare Trend Rates for Pre - 65 decreased from 6.30% to 6.20%. Healthcare Trend Rates for Post - 65 increased from 6.30% to 9.00%.

#### <u>2022</u> OPEB:

The single discount rate changed from 5.34% to 5.20%.

#### 2021 OPEB:

The single discount rate changed from 5.68% to 5.34%.

#### 2020 Pension and OPEB:

The salary increases assumption was changed from 3.05% to 3.30% - 10.30%.

#### OPEB:

The single discount rate changed from 5.85% to 5.68%.

#### 2019 Pension and OPEB:

The salary increases assumption was changed from 2.00% to 3.05%.

#### OPEB:

The single discount rate changed from 5.84% to 5.85%.

#### 2018 Pension and OPEB:

The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%.

The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.

#### OPEB:

The single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%.

#### 2017 None

#### <u>2016</u> Pension:

The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%. The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%. Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%. The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal, and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue				Capita	al Pr	ojects					
	District Activity Fund			School Activity Fund		SEEK Capital Outlay Fund		FSPK Building Fund	Debt Service Fund			Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,248	\$	245,543	\$	757,108	\$	1,080,478	\$	-	\$	2,104,377
Accounts receivable: Other		165		-		-		-		3,921		4,086
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-	_	-	-	-	-	-		1,419,882		1,419,882
Total assets	\$_	21,413	\$_	245,543	\$	757,108	\$	1,080,478	\$	1,423,803	\$	3,528,345
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$		\$_		\$	-	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities	_	-	_		-	-	-	-		-		-
Deferred inflows of resources	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-		-		-
Fund balances:												
Restricted Assigned	_	21,413	_	245,543	-	757,108	-	1,080,478		1,423,803	_	3,506,932 21,413
Total fund balances	_	21,413	-	245,543	-	757,108	-	1,080,478		1,423,803		3,528,345
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	21,413	\$_	245,543	\$	757,108	\$_	1,080,478	\$	1,423,803	\$	3,528,345

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Specia	l Reve	nue		Capita	jects					
		District Activity Fund		School Activity Fund		SEEK Capital Outlay Fund		FSPK Building Fund	Debt Service Fund		G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:	¢		¢		<i>•</i>		ĉ	1 0 1 0 4 4 6	<u>_</u>		¢	1 0 1 0 4 4 6
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,912,660	\$	-	\$	1,912,660
Earnings on investments		-		-		-		477		36,544		37,021
Other local revenue		5,689		294,608		-		-		-		300,297
State aid		-		-		374,548		946,374		378,152		1,699,074
Federal aid		-			-	-	_		-	89,294	-	89,294
Total revenues		5,689		294,608	_	374,548	_	2,859,511	_	503,990	-	4,038,346
Expenditures:												
Instruction		4,320		293,087		-		-		-		297,407
Support services:												
Student		-		-		-		-		-		-
Instructional staff		-		-		-		-		-		-
District administration		-		-		-		-		-		-
School administration		-		-		-		-		-		-
Business		-		-		-		-		-		-
Plant operation and maintenance		-		-		-		-		-		-
Student transportation		-		-		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-		-		-
Architectural / engineering		-		-		-		-		-		-
Building renovations / additions		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service:												
Principal		-		-		-		-		1,585,000		1,585,000
Interest		-		-	_	-	_	-	_	857,884	-	857,884
Total expenditures		4,320	_	293,087	_	-	_	-	_	2,442,884	-	2,740,291
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures		1,369	_	1,521	_	374,548	_	2,859,511	_	(1,938,894)	_	1,298,055
Other financing sources (uses):												
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		-		2,308,625		2,308,625
Operating transfers out		-	_	-	_	-	_	(2,308,625)	_	-	_	(2,308,625)
Total other financing sources (uses)	. <u> </u>	-	_		_	-	_	(2,308,625)	_	2,308,625	-	
Net change in fund balances		1,369		1,521		374,548		550,886		369,731		1,298,055
Fund balance, June 30, 2023		20,044		244,022		382,560	_	529,592	_	1,054,072	_	2,230,290
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	21,413	\$	245,543	\$	757,108	\$	1,080,478	\$	1,423,803	\$	3,528,345

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, ACCRUALS, AND FUND BALANCE

#### SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

	Jun	Cash ne 30, 2023		Receipts	Dis	bursements	Jur	Cash e 30, 2024	counts eivable	Inve	entory	counts yable	d Balance e 30, 2024
Caneyville Elementary	\$	26,354	\$	8,830	\$	6,151	\$	29,033	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 29,033
Clarkson Elementary		35,448		61,356		62,124		34,680	-		-	-	34,680
Oran P. Lawler Elementary		28,882		38,189		39,648		27,423	-		-	-	27,423
H.W. Wilkey Elementary		14,589		25,969		23,261		17,297	-		-	-	17,297
Grayson County Middle		51,608		35,536		39,558		47,586	-		-	-	47,586
Grayson County High		87,141		124,728		122,345		89,524	 -		-	 -	 89,524
	\$_	244,022	\$_	294,608	\$	293,087	\$	245,543	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 245,543

#### SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, ACCRUALS, AND FUND BALANCE

#### GRAYSON COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

	Cash June 30, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	Cash June 30, 2024	Accounts Receivable	Inventory	Accounts Payable	Fund Balance June 30, 2024
HIGGS SCHOLARSHIP	\$ 5,605	\$ -	\$ 1,000	s -	\$ 4,605	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ 4,605
JOURNALISM	3,016	-	120	-	2,896	-	-	-	2,896
YEARBOOK	29,922	6,070	6,188	(420)	29,384	-	-	-	29,384
BETA CLUB	1,081	1,922	1,055	-	1,948	-	-	-	1,948
FFA	17,608	46,426	47,331	(424)	16,279	-	-	-	16,279
FCCLA	1,698	28,062	26,639	330	3,451	-	-	-	3,451
JR HISTORICAL SOCIETY	426	80	408	-	98	-	-	-	98
PROM	14,209	16,260	12,701	-	17,768	-	-	-	17,768
POSTER MACHINE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DECA	547	1,234	1,901	514	394	-	-	-	394
HOSA	1,806	1,929	2,050	-	1,685	-	-	-	1,685
CARPENTRY	820	-	-	-	820	-	-	-	820
AUTO MECHANICS	106	-	-	-	106	-	-	-	106
MACHINING	91	-	-	-	91	-	-	-	91
WELDING	95	-	-	-	95	-	-	-	95
SENIOR CLASS	-	12,907	11,980	-	927	-	-	-	927
PEP CLUB	1,290	1,267	1,842	-	715	-	-	-	715
FRENCH CLUB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ART CLUB	406.00	1,612	1,800	-	218	-	-	-	218
RENAISSANCE	273	-	273	-	-	-	-	-	-
DISC GOLF	218.00	60	261	-	17	-	-	-	17
Rodeo Club	3,440	1,670	924	-	4,186	-	-	-	4,186
Memorial Walk	1,395	-	-	-	1,395	-	-	-	1,395
SCHOLARSHIP FUND	516	-	500	-	16	-	-	-	16
Y-CLUB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FIELD TRIP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CHORUS	-	295	295	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADMINISTRATION	1,218	46	171	-	1,093	-	-	-	1,093
BOOKS LOST OR STOLEN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SWEEP ACCT LIBRARY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SWEEP ACCT PARKING	-	590	590	-	-	-	-	-	-
PASSESTEACHER'S LOUNGE	387	-	387	-	-	-	-	-	-
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	968	4,298	3,929		1,337	-			1,337
	\$ 87,141	\$ 124,728	\$ 122,345	\$	\$ 89,524	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 89,524

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

	Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Fund	Project		Federal		Expenditures
Grantor / Program Title	Number	Number	Number	Number		Expenditures	Ī	o Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture								
Passed through Kentucky Department of Agriculture:								
Food Donation	10.555	057502-02	51	-	\$	202,691	\$	-
Child Nutrition Cluster:								
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-23	51	_		201,897		-
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-24	51	-		630,211		-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-23	51	-		521,268		-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-24	51	-		1,639,537		-
Supply Chain Assistance (COVID-19)	10.555	9980000-23	51	205XA		2,014		-
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024-23	51	209X		2,316		-
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024-24	51	209X		9,254		-
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7740023-23	51	209X		22,094		-
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7740023-24	51	209X		90,418		-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					-	3,119,009	-	-
Passad through State Department of Education								
Passed through State Department of Education: Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021-23	51	208XA		269,161		_
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016-23	51	208XA 208XA		18,683		
Child and Addit Care Food Frogram	10.558	7800010-23	51	208AA	-	18,085	-	
					_	287,844	-	-
Warehouse and Storage and Distribution (COVID-19)	10.560	7700001-23	51	-	_	5,357	_	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					\$	3,614,901	\$	-
U. S. Department of Education								
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education:								
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies:								
Title 1 - Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	3100002-23	2	310K/KM	\$	1,734,065	\$	-
The T Deen Datemond Tigeneres	0 110 1011	5100002 25	-	5101212.01	÷-	1,734,065	Ψ-	-
Special Education Cluster:					-	,,	-	
Special Education - Grants to States:								
IDEA, Part B	84.027A	3810002-23	2	337K/KP		997,918		-
ARPA IDEA, Part B (COVID-19)	84.027X	4910002-21	2	478I/478IP		2,044		-
					-	999,962	-	-
Special Education - Preschool Grants:					_		-	
IDEA Preschool	84.173A	3800002-21	2	343I/IP		152		-
IDEA Preschool	84.173A	3800002-22	2	343J/JP		1,062		-
IDEA Preschool	84.173A	3800002-23	2	343K/KP		36,420		-
					_	37,634		-
Total Special Ed Cluster						1,037,596		-
Corpor and Technical Education - David Crowto to States					_		_	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States:	84.048	3710002-23	2	348JA		5,901		
Perkins - Part C (Carry-over)	84.048 84.048		2			71,338		-
Perkins - Part C	84.048	3710002-23	2	348K	-	77,239	-	
					-	11,235	-	
Rural & Low Income School Program:								
Title V Rural & Low Income	84.358B	3140002-23	2	350K	_	117,845	_	-
					_	117,845	_	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants:								
Title II	84.367A	3230002-21	2	401I/IP		7,660		-
Title II	84.367A	3230002-22	2	401J/JP		204,171		-
	- 100/11		_		_	211,831	-	-
					-	,	-	
21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	3400002-22	2	550J	_	95,202	_	-
					_	95,202	_	-

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, CONTINUED

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

Grantor / Program Title	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Fund Number	Project Number	Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Subrecipients
U. S. Department of Education, Continued Passed through Kentucky Department of Education, Continued: Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program:						
Title IV, Part A	84.424A	3420002-21	2	552I/IP	2,636	-
Title IV, Part A	84.424A	3420002-23	2	552K/KP	139,297	-
			-		141,933	
Education Stabilization Fund (COVID -19):						
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II	84.425D	4200002-21	2	554G/554GD	232,553	-
2021-2022 Digital Learning Coaches	84.425D	4200003-21	2	554GS	209,372	-
FY21 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary						
School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300002-21	2	473G/473GL	4,785,473	-
2022-2023 Digital Learning Coaches	84.425U	4300005-21	2	473GD	4,444	-
2023-2024 Digital Learning Coaches	84.425U	4300005-21	2	473GW	5,019	-
FY22 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - Homeless Children						
and Youth	84.425W	4980002-21	2	476IC	23,007	<u> </u>
					5,257,000	
Total U.S. Department of Education					\$ 8,675,579	\$
Total Federal Awards					\$ 12,290,480	\$

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note A: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Grayson County School District (District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the District.

#### Note B: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### Note C: Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note D: Nonmonetary assistance for the Food Distribution Program is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Education Grayson County School District Leitchfield, Kentucky

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Frankfort, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Grayson County School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2024.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting, Continued**

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with specific statutes or regulations identified in the *Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits.

We noted certain matters other than significant deficiencies and material weaknesses that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated November 7, 2024.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Owensboro, Kentucky November 7, 2024

Riney Hancock CPAs PSC



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education Grayson County School District Leitchfield, Kentucky

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Frankfort, Kentucky

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Grayson County School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance, and, therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance, Continued

noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance to end weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kiney Hancock CPAs PSC

Owensboro, Kentucky November 7, 2024

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## Year Ended June 30, 2024

### A. Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the Grayson County School District (District) were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. No material weaknesses were reported.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance. No material weaknesses were reported.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the District expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. The audit did not disclose any findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a).
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were:

Education Stabilization Fund:

84.425D – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
84.425U – American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
84.425W – American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund – Homeless Children and Youth

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The District was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### **B.** Findings - Financial Statements Audit

None

## C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None



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> Doug Robinson Superintendent

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

No audit findings were reported in the schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2023.